Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

The reports and statements set out below comprise the financial statements presented to the Board of Directors:

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile

Lesotho

President

1. Nature of Business and Principal

Activities

To achieve development through sports

2. Board of Directors

Names

Mr. Tlali Rampooana

Mr. Letsatsi Ntsibolane Vice President Admin
Dr. Lebohang Khomari Vice President Finance
Mr. Morake Raleaka Secretary General/CEO

Mr. Fetang Selialia PRO
Mr. Thabo Tikoe Treasurer

Dr. Makhetha Mosotho Honorary Member
Mr. General Sentle Honorary Member

Mrs. 'Makutloano Kheola Member Mrs. 'Mamotsabi Lekhabunyane Member

Mrs. 'Mabokang Mdandalaza Member
Mr. Moroke Mokhotho Athlete Representative

Mrs. 'Matlohang Moiloa- Ramoqopo IOC Member

3. Registered Office Lancers Road

House Number 160

Maseru West Maseru 100

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

4. Business Address Lesotho National Olympic Committee

P.O. Box 756 Maseru 100 Lesotho

5. Bankers Standard Lesotho Bank

Nedbank Lesotho

6. Independent Auditor's JEO and Associates

Red Cross House

Cnr Hilton/ Nightingale Rds

Maseru, Lesotho

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Directors' Responsibilities and Approval

The directors are required by the Lesotho Societies Act to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS). The external auditor is engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board of directors sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all members are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 March 2024 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 4 and 6.

The financial statements set out on pages 8 to 19, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on the $\frac{10 \sqrt{3+29}}{29}$ and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Tlan RAMPOOANA Mr. Thabo TIKOE

President Treasurer



(Chartered Accountants and Certified Auditors)

1st & 2nd Floors, Heritage House Opposite Palace of Justice, Nightingale Road Private Bag A150, Maseru 100, Lesotho Tel: 22315773; 56217929; 63118890

Email: info@jeo.co.ls

Independent Auditors Report
To the Members of the Lesotho National Olympic Committee

Audit Report on the Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lesotho National Olympic Committee (LNOC), set out on pages 7 to 19, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024, and the Income statement and statement of other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the Lesotho National Olympic Committee's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lesotho National Olympic Committee as at March 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section below. We are independent of Lesotho National Olympic Committee in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Lesotho, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no matters to report on the company's financial statements.

Other Information

The Committee's Board of Directors is responsible for other information. The other information comprises the Management report. It does not include the financial statements and our audit opinion thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with the audit, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we received prior to the date of the audit report, we consider that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. However, we have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of

accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient audit evidence regarding the financial information of Lesotho National Olympic Committee or business activities of the company to express an opinion on the financial statements.

We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the Lesotho National Olympic Committee audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

JEO and Associates

RASSOCULES Per Joseph Obiahu **Engagement Partner**

(Chartered Accountants and Certified Auditors)

Maseru

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Directors' Report

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the financial statements of **Lesotho National Olympic Committee** for the year ended 31 March 2024.

1. Review of financial results and activities

Main Business and Operations

The principal activity of the Committee is to achieve development through sports and there were no major changes herein during the year. The operating results and statement of financial position of the Committee are fully set out in the attached financial statements and do not in our opinion require any further comment.

Surplus/ (Deficit) of the Committee for the year M743,089

2. Going Concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that realisation of the assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

3. Events after the reporting period

All the events subsequent to the date of the annual financial statements and for which the applicable financial reporting framework require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

The directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial year to the date of this report that could have a material effect on the financial position of the Committee.

Statement of financial Position			
	NOTES	2024	2023
		<u>M</u>	<u>M</u>
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	2	3,432,730	2,348,519
		3,432,730	2,348,519
CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments	3	1,079,607	890,947
Other receivables	5	5,560	169,253
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,415,108	65,841
		2,500,275	1,126,041
Total		5,933,005	3,474,560
RESERVES AND LIABILITIES			
RESERVES			
Other components of equity	8	282,903	282,903
Acccumulated surplus		2,512,778	1,763,645
Revaluation Reserves		1,354,387	551,040
		4,150,068	2,597,588
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other Provision	6	504,835	272,681
Deffered revenue	7	911,936	
Other payables	6	366,165	604,291
		1,782,936	604,291
Total Reserves and Liabilities		5,933,005	3,474,560

Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income							
	NOTES	2024	2023				
		<u>M</u>	<u>M</u>				
Revenue	9	15,057,090	13,387,421				
Operating expenses	10	(14,314,001)	(13,858,627)				
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	_	743,089	(471,206)				
Statement of Comprehensive Income:							
Surplus/(deficit) for the year Other Comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified to Surplus or Deficit	· <u>·</u>	743,089	(471,206)				
Gain on revaluation	·•	803,347	_				
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year	-	803,347					
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	-	1,546,436	(471,206)				

	NOTES	Other Components of Equity	Revaulation Surplus	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
		M	M	M	M
Balance as at 01 April 2019		282,903	-	1,504,352	1,787,255
Surplus for the year Balance As at 31 March 2020		- 302 002		1,423,355	1,423,355
Balance As at 31 March 2020		282,903		2,927,707	3,210,610
Balance as at 01 April 2020		282,903	-	2,927,707	3,210,610
Adjustment during the year		-	-	(3,397)	(3,397)
Balance As at 31 March 2021		282,903	*	2,924,310	3,207,213
Balance as at 01 April 2021		282,903	-	2,924,310	3,207,213
Deficit for the year		-	-	(716,448)	(716,448)
Adjustment during the year Revaluation gain		-	551,040	(800)	(800) 551,040
Balance As at 31 March 2022		282,903	551,040 551,040	2,207,062	3,041,005
Balance as at 01 April 2022		282,903	551,040	2,207,062	3,041,005
Deficit for the year		•	-	(471,206)	(471,206)
Adjustment during the year		-		27,789	27,789
Balance As at 31 March 2023		282,903	551,040	1,763,645	2,597,588
Balance as at 01 April 2023		282,903	551,040	1,763,645	2,597,588
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		-	•	743,089	743,089
Adjustment during the year		-	- 002 242	6,044	6,044
Revaluation gain Balance As at 31 March 2024		282,903	803,347 1,354,387	2,512,778	803,347 4,150,068

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Statement of Cashflows

	NOTES	2024	2023
		<u>M</u>	<u>M</u>
Cash Flow from Operation Activities			
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		743,089	(471,206)
Adjustments for:			
Investment Income		(69,775)	(39,712)
Depreciation of tangible assets		153,774	140,096
Movements in provisions		232,154	(32,462)
(Gain)/Loss on Disposal of fixed Assets		(16,177)	-
Deferred revenue		911,936	(100)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes		1,955,000	(403,384)
Working Capital Changes:			
Decrease/(Increase) in receivables		163,693	(106,824)
(Decrease)/Increase in payables		(238,126)	472,971
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,880,567	(37,236)
Investment Income		69,776	39,712
Net cash flow from operating activities		1,950,343	2,476
Cashflows From Investing Activities			
Property, plant and equipment acquired		(453,460)	(262,055)
Movement in investments		(188,660)	(274,344)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		35,000	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(607,120)	(536,399)
Cashflows from Financing Activites			
Prior year adjustments		6,044	201
Net cash flow (Used in or) from Financing Activites		6,044	201
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,349,266	(533,722)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		65,842	599,564
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		1,415,108	65,842

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Accounting Policies

1. General Information

Lesotho National Olympic Committee (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") is a non-for-profit organisation dedicated to promoting Olympism in Lesotho and establishing an environment conducive to excellent podium performance in cooperation with key stakeholders.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the requirements of the Societies Act of Lesotho. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are presented in Loti.

2.1 Revenue Recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the Committee's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, and discounts.

The Committee recognizes revenue when: the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the Committee's activities.

2.2 Donations, Sponsorships, and Funding

Donations, sponsorships, and funding received from various sources, including individuals, corporations, government grants, and the International Olympic Committee, are recognised when the Committee obtains control of the resources, and it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the organisation.

2.3 Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value in profit or loss where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and the Committee has complied with all attached conditions. Grants received where the Committee has yet to comply with all attached conditions are recognised as a liability (and included in deferred income within accounts payables) and released to income when attached conditions have been complied with.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

2.4 Income Taxes

The Committee has been approved as a public benefit organisation in terms of section 30 of the Income Tax Act (the Act), and the receipts and accruals are exempt from income tax in terms of section 25 (1) of the Act.

2.5 Property, Plant, and Equipment

Items of property, plant, and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant, and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant, and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

The residual value, depreciation method, and useful life of each asset are reviewed at each annual reporting period if there are indicators present that there has been a significant change from the previous estimates.

Depreciation is calculated to derive cost less accumulated depreciation (Net book values) of the assets on a reducing balance method over the expected useful lives at the following rates:

Land and Buildings 5%
Motor Vehicles 20%
Furniture and Fittings 20%
Office Equipment 33%

2.6 Accounts Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less a provision for impairment. A provision for trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Committee will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

2.7 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities on the statement of financial position; however, for the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand net of bank overdrafts.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

2.8 Pension Obligations

The Committee has both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date minus the fair value of plan assets. The defined obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future payments by reference to market yields at the reporting date on high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liability.

2.9 Accounts Payables

Trade payables are recognized initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

2.10 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Notes on financial statements

2. Property,Plant and Equipment

			20	24		4 4 44	3000		20	23		٠.
	Land and Buildings	Motor Vehicle	Furnuture and fittings	Office Equipment	Specialised Equipment	Total	Land and Buildings	Motor Vehicle	Furnuture and fittings	Office Equipment	Specialised Equipment	Total
Cost	M	M	M	М	M	М	M	M	M	M	M	M
Opening Balance	2,798,299	685,352	632,430	750,568	-	4,866,648	2,798,299	444,285	632,430	729,730	-	4,604,744
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-
Depreciation Reversal on Revaluation	-	(421,828)	(507,907)	(709,205)	-	(1,638,940)	-	(151)	-	-	•	(151)
Additions during the year	-	35,650	-	209,660	208,150	453,460	-	241,218	-	20,838	-	262,055
Revaluations during the year	-	273,256	124,404	405,687	-	803,347	•	•	-	-	-	-
Disposals during the year		(66,200)	-		-	(66,200)	•	•	•	-	<u> </u>	
At March 31, 2024	2,798,299	506,230	248,927	656,710	208,150	4,418,316	2,798,299	685,352	632,430	750,568	-	4,866,648
Depreciation												
Opening Balance	929,793	416,553	479,480	692,303	-	2,518,129	891,594	392,653	444,024	677,501	-	2,405,772
Adjustments												-
Depreciation Reversal on Revaluation	-	(421,828)	(507,907)	(709,205)	-	(1,638,940)	(19,617)	(8,122)	-	=	•	(27,739)
Depreciation for the year	54,925	52,653	28,427	16,902	867	153,774	57,816	32,022	35,456	14,802	-	140,096
(Disposals)/Revaluation		(47,377)	-	-	-	(47,377)	-	-	•	-	<u>-</u>	-
At March 31, 2024	984,718	-		-	867	985,585	929,793	416,553	479,480	692,303	*	2,518,129
Closing Net book value	1,813,581	506,230	248,927	656,710	207,283	3,432,730	1,868,506	268,799	152,950	58,264	<u>.</u>	2,348,519

vote	s to the Financial Statements (continued)			
NOT	E	2024	2023	
3	Investments	<u>M</u>	<u>M</u>	
	Stanlib Lesotho Unit Trust	1,079,607	645,458	
	Treasury Bills - CBL		245,489	
		1,079,607	890,947	
4	Cash and cash equivalents	<u>M</u>	<u>M</u>	
	Cash on hand	•	3,424	
	Nadbank	1,276,445	33,330	
	Standard Lesotho Bank	137,600	15,601	
	Petty Cash	1,063	-	
	EcoCash	<u> </u>	13,486	
		1,415,108	65,841	
		2024	2023	
5	Other receivables	M	M	
	Prepayments	-	62,630	
	National Federation receivables	5,000	2,600	
	Other receivables	560	104,023	
		5,560	169,253	
		2024	2023	
6	Other Payables Other Accruals	M 266 165	M 559,944	
	Other Accidats	366,165 366,165	559,944	
	Other Provision	TO HACK HAND AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY		
	Severance provision	467,766	272,681	
	Leave provision	37,069	44,346	
		504,835	317,028	
7	Deferred Income (OS Advances)			
	Advances for IOC Projects	911,935.60		
	Travalloco for 100 x 10,000	911,935.60		

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

8. Other components of Equity

In 2007, the Lesotho National Olympic Committee (LNOC) received a start-up grant of M282,903 from the International Olympic Committee (IOC) to develop an existing building to be granted by the Government as its Office Headquarters to deliver its mandate. The grant was classified as deferred income up until 31st March 2019 where it was fully amortized when the money was spent on the renovations of the current building that the LNOC has the unlimited right and control to use indefinitely but does not have legal title to it.

To date, the LNOC is still enjoying the full economic benefits of the start-up grant until it officially relocates to another building when so authorities decide.

9		NOTES	M	
9	THEODER	110110	<u>141</u>	<u>M</u>
	INCOME		15,057,090	12 207 421
	Operating income	ſ	12,540,696	13,387,421 8,234,078
	International Olympic Committee Commonwealth			
			121,477	994,161
	GOL grants received National Federations Affilliation Fees		1,801,743 5,600	3,860,790
				6,000
	OlympAfrica Other grants		203,425	68,905
	Other grants Gain on Disposal		284,196	183,774
	Investment Income		16,177	20.712
			69,776	39,712
	Donation Income	L	14,000	
10	Operating expenses	_	14,314,001	13,858,627
	Accomodation meals and refreshment		3,236,566	2,370,065
	Advertising, promotion and corporate gifts		485,098	297,537
	Air Travel fares		2,443,853	1,941,792
	Audit/accounting fees		56,008	44,275
	Bank charges		80,028	57,468
	Cleaning and staff wealfare		59,888	29,420
	Computer expenses		36,621	57,279
	Consulting fees		22,000	50,000
	Courier and postage		8,205	97,480
	Depreciation - tangible assets		153,774	140,096
	Donations		-	5,150
	Electricity		92,110	70,400
	Emoluments - Directors		177,882	238,850
	Foreign exchange loss		-	14,456
	Insurance		-	17,456
	Lease rental on operating lease		67,193	54,240
	Legal and professional fees		3,000	26,530
	Magazines and books		-	8,750
	Medical costs		59,200	113,333
	Motor vehicle expenses		34,560	63,781
	Office repairs and maintenance		38,678	49,177
	Pension costs		160,867	113,917
	Perdiems and subsistence allowances		1,657,681	2,756,931
	Petrol and oil		242,484	272,971
	Printing and stationery		128,984	131,392
	Road travel Fares		599,425	453,870
	Salaries & Wages		2,470,508	2,055,588
	Security Costs		4,075	4,874
	Severance and Leave Provision Expense		262,745	51,038
	Softwares costs		15,296	29,739
	Sports/Team Attire		233,665	700,553
	Sports training and equipment		957,741	1,134,574
	Staff training		-	4,120
	Staff welfare		29,273	70,246
	Subscriptions		280,218	157,466
	Sundry expenses		42,669	51,305
	Telephone and fax		81,054	95,644
	Water & Sewerage		23,525	23,160
	Withholding Tax Expense		6,499	3,701
	Provision for Bad Debts Expense		62,630	-
	Surplus/(deficit) for the year	-	743,089	(471,206)

Notes	to the Financial Statements (continued)		
11	Statement of Comprehensive Income:		
	Surplus/(deficit) for the year	743,089	(471,206)
	Other Comprehensive income		
	Items that will not be reclassified to Surplus or Deficit:		
	General Reserve-Revaluation	803,347	•
	Other Comprehensive Income for the Year	803,347	*
	Total Comorehensive Income for the Year	1.546.436	(471,206)